

At-A-Glance report 2017

Cystic Fibrosis in Europe - Facts and Figures 2017

The European Cystic Fibrosis Society Patient Registry (ECFSPR) is happy to present this report with key information about how cystic fibrosis (CF) affects people with CF and their families throughout Europe.

The ECFSPR collects, measures and compares data of people with CF living in Europe and neighbouring countries who agree to be in the registry. The information is important to better understand CF, encourage new European standards of care and treatment, conduct research, and inform public health planning.

If you want to know more about the ECFSPR visit our website.

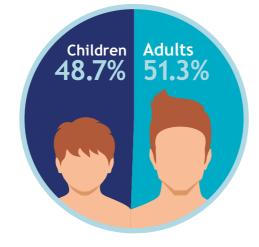
For more in-depth information see the full report here.

July 2019



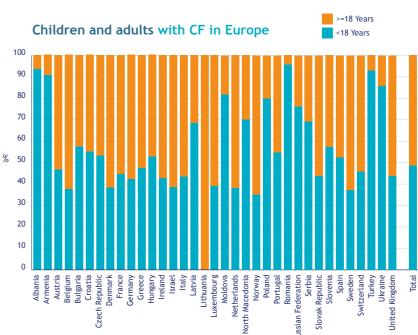




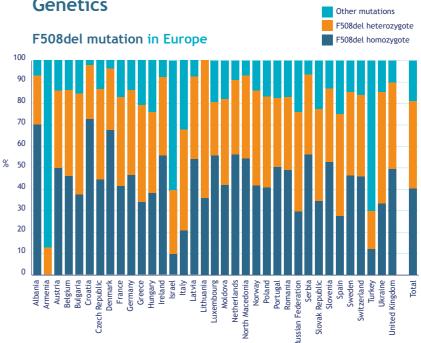


Proportion children-adults

- The proportion children-adults varies between the countries.
- For some countries only a few individual centres sent data to the ECFSPR.



Genetics





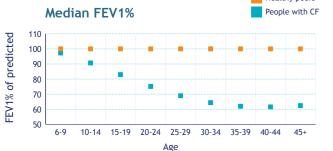
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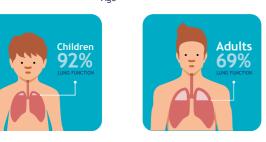
* Lithuania: Coverage is 100% for adults and 0% for children

- F508del is the most common CF-causing mutation in Europe.
- People with CF have two CF-causing mutations, one inherited from the mother and one from the father.
- Homozygous: both mutations are the same.
- Heterozygous: the two mutations are different.

Other mutations

Lung function





Nutrition

Healthy peers

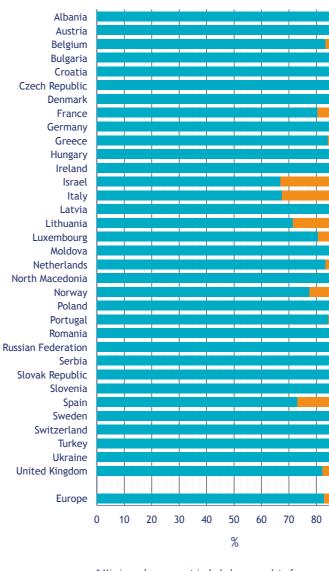
- FEV1 is a measure for lung function. It is the maximum amount of air that can be forcefully exhaled in the first second after taking a deep breath.
- FEV1% is a percentage of the average value for healthy people of the same age, gender and height, which is set at 100%.
- In people with CF aged 45 and older there is a higher incidence of mutations causing milder forms of CF. This influences the lung function value for the people with CF in this age group.

Pancreatic enzymes

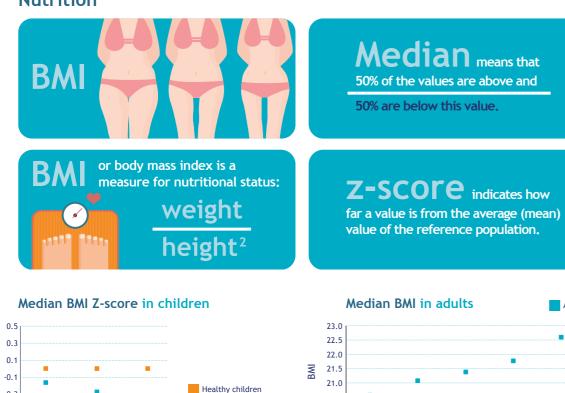


• Enzymes released from the pancreas are vital for the digestion and absorption of fat and vitamins from food. In many people with CF the release of these enzymes is blocked and they must take supplements.

% of people with CF who use pancreatic enzyme supplements



^{*} Missing values are not included nor are data from countries with a high % of missing values.



Children with CF



2-7

Age • A z-score of 0 means that the BMI is the same as the BMI of healthy children of the same gender and age.

12-17

8-11

• From the age of 2, children with CF have a lower average BMI than healthy children of a similar age.

Adults with CF 21.0 20.5 20.0 18-21 22-27 28-31 32-37 38+ Age

- Healthy peers have values for BMI between 18 and 25.
- As people with CF get older BMI increases.
- In adults with CF aged 38 and older there is a higher incidence of mutations causing milder forms of CF. This influences the BMI for the adults in this age group.



of the people with CF use pancreatic enzyme supplements.*

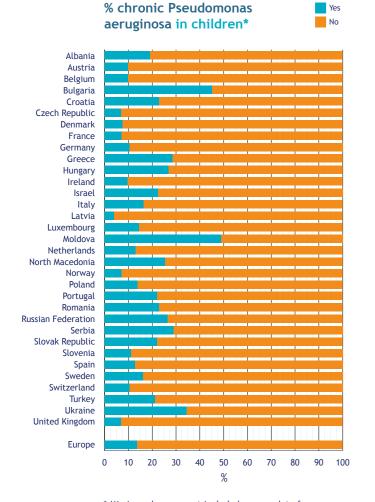


Infection

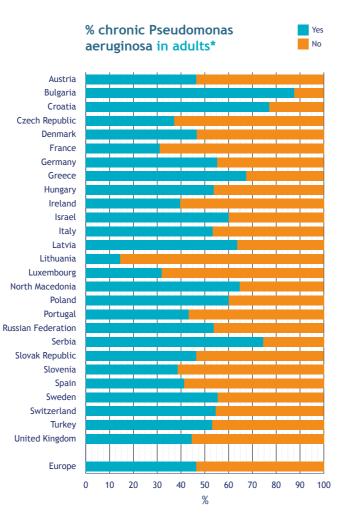


of the infect bacter

of the people with CF are chronically infected with the **Pseudomonas aeruginosa** bacteria in their lungs.*

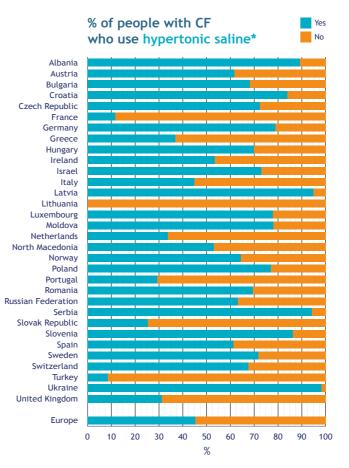


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Note: Countries with fewer than 5 patients aged 18 years or more are excluded from the graph.

Inhalation Treatment



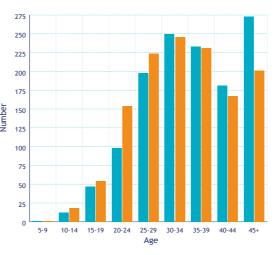
Hypertonic saline is prescribed to clear thick mucus from the lungs.

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Transplantation

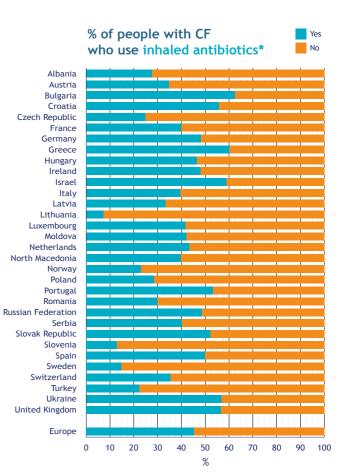
Number of people with CF living with a lung transplant

Male Female

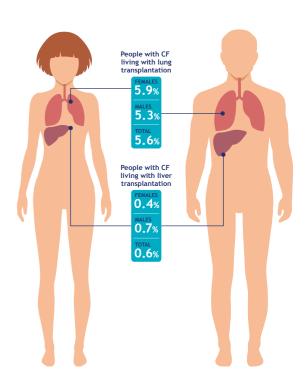


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Inhaled antibiotics are prescribed to treat CF specific bacterial infection, such as chronic Pseudomonas aeruginosa.



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