

Cystic Fibrosis Research News

Title:

Clinical outcomes of a large cohort of individuals with the F508del/5T;TG12 CFTR genotype

Lay Title:

patients with F508del/5T;TG12 CFTR genotype

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What was your research question?

What is the clinical course of patients with genotype F508del/5T;TG12?

Why is this important?

5T;TG12 is a very frequent CFTR variant in some populations, especially in subjects with inconclusive diagnosis from neonatal screening (CRMS/CFSPID).

What did you do?

We have retrospectively collected clinical data of a large cohort of Italian individuals with genotype F508del/5T;TG12, followed at 10 Cystic Fibrosis Italian centers.

What did you find?

Between 129 subjects (median age: 15.0 years, range: 0–58 years; 59 older than 18 years) 30 were CF (23.3%), 41 had a mono-organ involvement (CFTR-RD) (31.7%), and 58 had an inconclusive diagnosis after newborn screening (CRMS/CFSPID) (45.0%). After a median follow-up of 6.7 years (range 0.2-25 years), 15 patients progressed to CF, bringing the total number of CF diagnoses to 45/129 (34.9%). Most of these patients had mild lung diseases with pancreatic sufficiency and a low prevalence of CF-related complications

What does this mean and reasons for caution?

It is important to monitor the clinical picture of subjects with F508del/5T;TG12 genotype. More than one third of them develop CF during follow-up; however, they have mild lung disease and few CF-related complications.

What's next?

Continue to collect clinical data on large cohorts of subjects with little-known CFTR variant, found in individuals who are positive for neonatal screening, in order to provide useful information to families.

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